



GRENDA FACT SHEET

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The information presented below represent the substances impacting treatment for the forty-four (44) patients accessing treatment at the Carlton House Drug Treatment and Rehabilitation Centre, and the Rathdune Psychiatric Unit, for the period 1 January to 31 June , 2016. The graphs show that cannabis (marijuana) was the most prevalent substance (main substance) used by the clients and alcohol (secondary substance) the second most prevalent substance.

Table 1: Main Substance Impacting Treatment

MAIN SUBSTANCE IMPACTING TREATMENT	FREQUENCY ¹	PERCENT
Alcohol (rum, beer, wine, whisky, vodka, etc)	17	38.64%
Cannabis	25	56.82%
Cocaine	1	2.27%
Crack	1	2.27%
Total	44	100.00%

Table 2: Secondary Substance Impacting Treatment

SECONDARY SUBSTANCE IMPACTING TREATMENT	FREQUENCY	PERCENT
Alcohol (rum, beer, wine, whisky, vodka, etc)	11	55.00%
Cannabis/marijuana/ganja	4	20.00%
Cocaine (powder)	1	5.00%
Tobacco	4	20.00%
Total	20	100.00%

Source: Carlton House Drug Treatment and Rehabilitation Centre and Rathdune Psychiatric Unit Mt. Gay St. Georges

The Grenada Drug Epidemiology Network GRENDA is the mechanism through which Grenada collects, analyzes, and disseminates information on drugs, and related information, for the purpose of monitoring trends, developing policy, and implementing appropriate programmes and responses.

Further details on the information provided can be obtained from the Drug Control Secretariat, which is the office responsible for collecting, analyzing and disseminating drug-related data in Grenada through GRENDA.

¹ Frequency refers to the number of patients admitted .